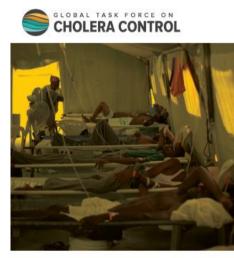
Outbreak Response Field Manual – Yellow Book



JANUARY 2019

CHOLERA OUTBREAK RESPONSE

- Booklet pocket format
- Electronic format
 - Web-based and Phone-based
 - Downloadable appendices

https://choleraoutbreak.org/





Introduction

- About
- Acknowledgements
- Cholera
- Abbreviations and Acronyms
- Sections

Appendices

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GLOBAL TASK FORCE ON

Section 4: Monitoring the Outbreak

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- Epidemiological Surveillance
- Data Collection
- Data Reporting
- Data Analysis
- Laboratory Surveillance
- Environmental Surveillance

Additional Resources

- Appendix 5. Template of Cholera Line List
- Appendix 6. Weekly Community-based Surveillance Form
- Appendix 7. Outline of the Outbreak Situation Report

Epidemiological Surveillance

• Describe the outbreak (who is affected, where the

Cholera App





- Tools and resources
 - Calculators
 - Job aids
 - Decision tree
- Android and Iphone
- Offline

HII Airtel ← Use of RDT

Key points

• RDTs do not replace stool culture to confirm cholera. Samples with positive RDT results should be sent to the reference laboratory for confirmation

• RDTs are used as a tool **for early outbreak detection only** and once the outbreak is declared **for triaging the samples** to be sent to the laboratory.

• RDT are not useful for individual diagnosis since the clinical management of patients is primarily guided by their degree of dehydration, regardless of RDT result.

• RDT should be performed on fresh stool at the time of collection ideally and should be processed within 2 hours collection.

Stool specimens should be collected from







